MAPPING YOUR MIGRATING ANCESTORS









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What types of property records exist?

- Property sales and transfers
- Wills and probate
- Chancery court/small claims
- Tax assessments
- Land surveys/subdivision plats

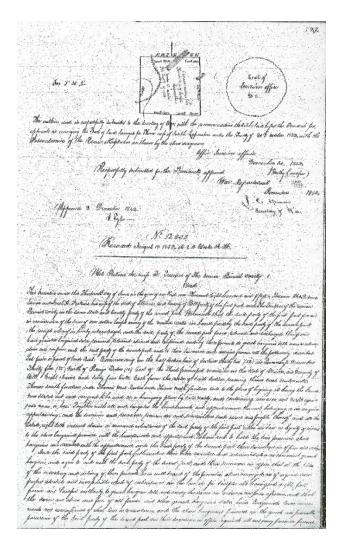
Where can I find property records?

- County courthouse
- Local historical society or library
- University library/archives
- State archives
- National archives
- Land & Property Records

County Records

Recorder of Deeds

- Deeds
- Incorporations
- Mortgages
- Maps
- Wills/Affidavits



When an estate is settled, and property is sold/divided, a copy of the will is typically filed with the Recorder's Office and within the deceased's probate at the Circuit Clerk's office.

If the deceased owned land in multiple counties, the will would need to be filed in each location where ownership occurred.

Property deeds will often give you an exact legal description of the property helping you to identify it on a map and assist in searching tax and assessment records.

Tax Collector/Treasurer

• Taxes on real estate and personal property

Township/City Assessor

- Address
- Legal description of property
- Age of the structure
- Additions or remodels

Circuit Court Clerk

- Wills
- Probate
- Chancery lawsuits (division of property)

Land Use

- Building permits
- Historic property landmarks
- Highway Commissioner's reports and early road maps

Local Historical Societies and Libraries

- County plat and atlas books
- Old city maps or directories
- Indexes to property owners and tax payers
- Old newspapers (tax rolls, land sales etc.)

State Archives

- Land Patents/Surveys
- Taxable lands
- School land sale records
- Local sources for maps &property

National Archives

- Bankruptcies
- Census records
- Military records
- Land patents

IS MOVING DAY IN PLAINFIELD VILLAGE

Plainfield, Ill., March 3.—Many changes are taking place in Plainfield. The following is a list of the changes: Edward LeVan 'is moving to the Spangler house on the Jollet road; J. Russell to the Earl Norton house in Main street; J. E. Bressler to the Olin Keene house in Fox River street; Frank Gilbert to the Herren house on Joliet road; Fred Jahnke to the John Needham house in Main street; E. R. Gaylord to the Foran house in Lockport street; Frank Eaton to his home purchased of the Evarts estate in Bartlett avenue; Mr. and Mrs. William Lockwood to the home purchased of the Barron estate in Bartlett avenue; Edward Day to the Tyler house in Main street, J. E. Andrews moves to Hammond, Ind; J. Broderick of Witton Center moves to the L. H. Darling house in Lockport street; John Imery is moving to the Siegel house.

City Directories

Directories are typically printed yearly

Address changes are often recorded side-by-side for 1 year

City Directories or "crisscross" directories can be searched by Street address, phone number & surname

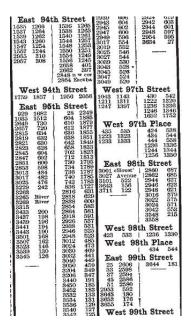
Lists those who are gainfully employed, widowed or enrolled in school

Some directories will include the non-working spouse's name in parentheses i.e. (Marie)

Things to look for when viewing old city directories and road maps

- Names of streets can change from block to block
- Street name can change over time
- Address changes happen frequently

http://stevemorse.org/census/changes.htmlincludes a national listing of street name changes.



- -Bush Ave., 13400 to 13800S Jeffery Ave.
- -Bushnell St., 500 to 550WW 23rd Pl.
- -Bushnell St., 200 to 500W 23rd St.

Busse Ave., 6750W 5000 to 5050N. Named after Mayor Fred Busse.

- -Butchell Ave., 3300 to 3700W Shakespeare Ave.
- Butler Dr., 1250E 12800 to 12858S. Named after Lorin G. Butler.
- -Butler St., 2200 to 3100S Keeler Ave. -Butler St., 2350 to 12500S Normal Ave.
- -Butler St., 2330 to 123003 Normal Ave. -Butler St., 4300 to 4400S and 8400 to 8700S Parnell Ave.
- -Butterfield St., 1600 to 5500S Federal St., Armour
- -Butterfield Alley, 700 to 800W Schiller St.
- -Butterfield St., 5500 to 7900S 11100 to 11500S Perry Ave. Named aft
- -Byer Ave., 8700 to 9400S Aberdeen St.
- -Byer St., 8700 to 9400S Aberdeen St. -Byford Ave., 1400 to 1600S Drake Ave.
- -Byrne Ave., 2800 to 3200N Spaulding Ave.
- -Byron Ave., 2800 to 3000N McLean Ave.
- -Byron St., 800 to 1000W Sheridan Rd.

Left: 1909 Chicago Street Numbering Guide

Right: 1912 Chicago Street Name Changes

www.chicagoancestors.org/tools

 $\frac{http://neworleanspublic library.org/^nopl/info/louinfo/number changes/number changes.htm}{www.chsmedia.org/house history/name changes/start.pdf}$

www.chicagohistory.org/documents/research/resources/1909NumberChanges.pdf

Homestead & Other Land Grants

National Archives: www.archives.gov/research/land

Bureau of Land Management: www.glorecords.blm.gov

MAPS

- Aerial & Birdseye Maps
- Cadastral Maps
- County and State Maps
- Enumeration Maps
- Fire Insurance Maps
- Road Maps
- Rail Road Maps
- Modern Day Mapping



Aerial Maps

These maps are a great source for visual geographic data such as mountains, rivers, lakes and valleys Useful for seeing property in relation to its surroundings like other homes, businesses, and roadways Identifying changesin development and land usage patterns for an area over a period of time

Birdseye Maps

Birdseye maps are hand-drawn and red maps typically done in the 19th century. An artistic rendition of what a particular town or region look like from above. These perspective maps are not true to scale, but they are highly detailed.

- Modern Birdseye Maps www.virtualbirdseye.com
- Library of Congress Panoramic Map Collection: www.loc.gov/collections/panoramic-maps
- www.bigmapblog.com/tag/birdseye



Cadastral Maps

Cadastral maps originally recorded metes and bounds. Its purpose is to record ownership and tenure of the land.

The term cadastral map has since come to include any map that includes property boundaries. Examples of cadastral maps are plat maps, city/town/ village maps, and subdivision plats.

These maps also often include landmarks like rivers, lakes, churches, cemeteries and other points of reference.

Cemetery maps are considered cadastral because they show owner and boundaries of grave lots.

Most municipalities use cadastral maps in their GIS planning departments. This computerized mapping system creates layers of maps for different topics like homes, roads, utilities, sewer systems etc.

When reading cadastral maps be sure to look across township, county, and state boundaries for names and familial connections



Be sure to align township or other maps to see any properties that carry across township, county or state boundaries.

Census Enumeration Maps

Census Enumeration maps are helpful in locating family through the U.S. Federal Census

Boundary lines change over time. Census maps help you pinpoint the exact district of your ancestors at a specific time and place

Ancestors that lived on or near the county or state line may have been counted under these nearby locations due to line changes

HeritageQuest has state census maps for years 1790-1920

Modern census maps are also available to download from the U.S. Census Bureau: www.census.gov/geo/maps-data/maps/reference.html

Sanborn Fire Insurance Maps

Sanborn Fire Insurance Maps cover misc. years from 1867-1970

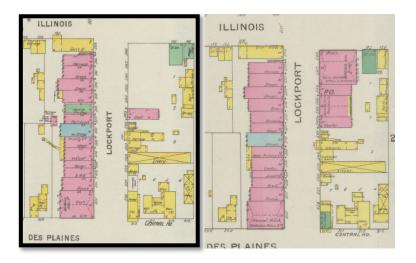
Detailed descriptions of individual properties including size, shape, location of windows & doors, construction materials etc.

Street level descriptions of towns and cities including location of streets, sidewalks, trolley lines, railroad tracks, wells and more

Locations and descriptions of businesses & industry

Documents changes to an area over the years

Maps can be saved and printed



Library of Congress Sanborn Maps: www.loc.gov/rr/geogmap/sanborn

University of Pennsylvania online fire insurance maps:

http://guides.library.upenn.edu/content.php?pid=387313&sid=3190707

Historic Road Maps and Guides

www.us-highways.com

www.dot.il.gov/maps/travelmaps.htm

https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/County highway

http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Numbered highways in the United States#State highways and other s imilar systems

Old Maps Online www.oldmapsonline.org

Railroad Maps and Records

Railroad maps are extremely useful for plotting your migrating ancestors. Schedules, maps, and ticket fares help tell the story of your ancestral past

Dozens of railroad companies operated over 200,000 miles of track by the start of the 20th Century.

These companies employed thousands of employees nationwide

Hundreds of towns sprang up as railroad stops and some disappeared just as quickly. Old railroad maps are important to locating these abandoned towns

Railroad maps can also be used to find right-of-way land sales



Railroad Websites

Railroad Gazetteer Collection: https://archive.org/details/smithsonian?and[]=subject%3A%22Railroads%22

Newberry Library: www.newberry.org/railroad-archives

Chicago & Northwestern Historical Society: www.cnwhs.org

Atchison, Topeka, Santa Fe: www.kshs.org/p/railroad-research/15983

Union Pacific Railroad Historical Society: http://uphs.org www.historicmapsrestored.com/old-railroad-maps.html

http://memory.loc.gov/ammem/gmdhtml/rrhtml

Central Pacific Railroad Maps www.cprr.org/Museum/Maps

Modern Day Mapping

GIS: Graphic Information Services

Mapping system that allows a governmental body to create an "overlay" over an existing map to highlight a specific service

http://lib.guides.umd.edu/c.php?g=326454&p=2192920

Google Maps

You can build your own interactive maps, plot your family history, and share it with others http://maps.google.com/maps?hl=en&tab=wl

MapsGL interactive 3D imagery for buildings and landmarks

GPS: Global Positioning Systems

A space-based satellite navigation system that provides location and time information. Those coordinates can be plotted on a map to identify your position anywhere in the world

Interactive Mapping

Many museums and archives are creating interactive google maps, overlaying historic maps with modern images and vice-versa. Here are a few really cool examples:

www.smithsonianmag.com/history/what-did-chicago-look-great-fire-180947929

http://maps.nls.uk/os/6inch/index.html
http://rumsey.geogarage.com/maps/g0140000.html
Newberry Library Chicago www.chicagoancestors.org
http://historypin.com
www.whatwasthere.com



National & World Map Websites

- Atlas of the Historical Geography of the U.S.: http://dsl.richmond.edu/historicalatlas
- Bureau of Land management land survey maps www.geocommunicator.gov/blmMap/MapLSIS.jsp
- David Rumsey Map Collection <u>www.davidrumsey.com</u>
- Google Maps World Gazetteer www.maplandia.com
- Library of Congress Map Collection http://memory.loc.gov/ammem/gmdhtml/gmdhome.html
- New York Public Library Map Collection http://maps.nypl.org/warper
- U.S. Geological Survey http://geonames.usgs.gov/pls/gnispublic/wwv_flow.accept
- North Carolina State Library Map Collection www.lib.ncsu.edu/maps/citingmaps.html
- www.geocaching.com
- www.gps.gov

Helpful Books

- Dollarhide, William and William Thorndale. Map Guide to the U.S. Federal Censuses, 1790-1920. Genealogical Publishing Co. Baltimore, MD. 1987.
- Dollarhide, William. Map Guide to American Migration Routs 1735-1815. HeritageQuest. Bountiful, UT. 1997.
- Hatcher, Patricia Law. Locating Your Roots: Discover Your Ancestors Using Land Records.
 Better Way Books, Cincinnati, OH. 2003.
- Kashuba, Melinda. Walking With Your Ancestors: A Genealogist's Guide to Using Maps and Geography. Family Tree Books. Cincinnati, OH. 2005.
- Light, Sally, House Histories. Goldenhill Press. Spencer Hill, N.Y. 1989.